

# **Datasheet**MSD50NBT

Version 2.0



# **REVISION HISTORY**

1.0 27 Mar 2016 Initial Version Andrew Cl 1.1 09 Aug 2016 Changed from HIG to Datasheet Sue White 1.2 07 Sept 2016 Updated EU Declaration of Conformity Sue White  Updated Tx power numbers to the following: 802.11a (UNII-1, UNII-2A, UNII-2C) or CH 36 – CH140 6 Mbps 17 dBm (50.1 mW) 54 Mbps 14 dBm (25.1 mW) 802.11a (UNII-3) or CH 148 – CH 165 6 Mbps 15 dBm (31.6 mW) 54 Mbps 14 dBm (25.1 mW) 802.11n (5 GHz) (UNII-1, UNII-2A, UNII-2C) or CH 36 – CH140  1.3 03 Nov 2016 6.5 Mbps (MCS0; HT20) 17 dBm (50.1 mW) Andrew Cl 65 Mbps (MCS7;HT20) 13 dBm (20 mW) (MCS0; HT40) 11 dBm (25.1 mW) 802.11n (5 GHz) (UNII-3) or CH 148 – CH 165 6.5 Mbps (MCS7;HT20) 15 dBm (31.6 mW) 65 Mbps (MCS7;HT20) 12 dBm (31.6 mW) 65 Mbps (MCS0; HT20) 12 dBm (15.8 mW) (MCS0; HT40) 14 dBm (25.1 mW) (MCS7; HT40) 14 dBm (25.1 mW)	
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1.4 08 Nov 2016 Added section numbering. Sue White	
1.5 09 Dec 2016 Removed <i>Preliminary</i> references Jay White	
1.6 10 Mar 2017 Updated 5 GHz frequency bands and operating channels information Kris Sidle	
1.7 19 Apr 2017 Fixed FCC frequency ranges Miles Chui	ng
1.8 1 May 2017 OS Support Jay White	
1.9 24 May 2017 Updated EU DoC for new RED standards Maggie Te	ng
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1.11 18 Aug 2017 Removed 802.11r references Jay White	
Updated product photo	
1.12 01 May 2018 Updated Industry Canada statement Maggie Te	
Updated to new Laird template	ng
1.13 06 Mar 2019 Updated logos and URLs Sue White	ng
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2.0 15 Feb 2021 Moved detailed regulatory information to separate document Jonathan I	

#### MSD50NBT Datasheet



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#### 1 SCOPE

This document describes key hardware aspects of the Laird Connectivity MSD50NBT module. This document is intended to assist device manufacturers and related parties with the integration of this radio into their host devices. Data in this document is drawn from a number of sources and includes information found in the Qualcomm Atheros (QCA) QCA6004 and Cambridge Silicon Radio Ltd. (CSR) CSR8811 A08 data sheet issued in July 2011, along with other documents provided from QCA and CSR

The information in this document is subject to change. Please refer to the MSD50NBT product page for the most recent documentation.

#### 2 Introduction

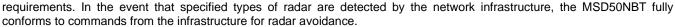
## 2.1 General Description

The MSD50NBT module (which uses an SDIO interface) is a 2x2 MIMO 802.11 a/b/g/n WLAN plus Bluetooth 4.0 dual mode device that is optimized for low-power mobile devices. The integration of all WLAN and Bluetooth functionality in a single package supports low cost and simple implementation along with flexibility for platform-specific customization.

This device is pre-calibrated and integrates the complete transmit/receive RF paths including baluns, mobile phone coexistence band pass filter, diplexer, switches, power amplifier, low noise amplifier, and reference crystal oscillator.

The MSD50NBTdevice supports Bluetooth 2.1 + EDR and Bluetooth 4.0 (Bluetooth Low Energy or BLE). The device's low power consumption radio architecture and proprietary power save technologies allow for extended battery life.

When operating on channels in the UNII-2 and UNII-2 Extended bands that are in the 5GHz portion of the frequency spectrum and are subject to Dynamic Frequency Selection requirements, the MSD50NBT fully conforms to applicable regulatory





In addition, its dual 802.11 and Bluetooth radio includes full digital MAC and baseband engines that handle all 802.11 CCK/OFDM® 2.4/5GHz, and Bluetooth basic rate and EDR baseband and protocol processing.

MSD50NBT has its own RF shielding and does not require shielding provided by the host device into which it is installed in order to maintain compliance with applicable regulatory standards. As such, the device may be tested in a standalone configuration via an extender card.





#### **MSD50NBT FEATURES SUMMARY** 3

The Laird Connectivity MSD50NBT device features are described in Table 1.

Table 1: MSD50NBT features		
Feature	Description	
Radio Front End	Integrates the complete transmit/receive RF paths including baluns, coexistence band pass filter, diplexer, switches, power amplifier, low noise amplifier, and reference crystal oscillator.	
Enhanced WLAN/BT Coexistence Algorithms	<ul> <li>Enhanced important use cases including:</li> <li>PCM/I2S digital audio interface</li> <li>BT stereo audio (A2DP)</li> <li>BT data transfer profiles (such as OPP and FTP)</li> <li>BT2.1+EDR</li> <li>BT-LE</li> <li>Flexible radio architecture ensures simple customization for future use cases.</li> </ul>	
Power Management	Uses power-saving techniques including:  Gating clocks to idle or inactive blocks  Fast start and settling circuits to reduce Tx power  Active duty cycles CPU frequency scaling	
Pre-Calibration	RF system tested and calibrated in production.	
Internal Sleep Clock	Integrated on-chip low power sleep clock to regulate internal timing.	
Multiple Interface Support	<ul> <li>SDIO 2.0 (50 MHz, 4-bit and 1-bit)</li> <li>HS-UART for Bluetooth HCI (compatible with any upper layer Bluetooth stack)</li> </ul>	
Advanced 802.11n	<ul> <li>Half Guard Interval and Frame Aggregation for high throughput</li> <li>Space Time Block Coding (STBC) Rx for improved downlink robustness over range</li> <li>Low Density Parity Check (LDPC) for improved uplink and downlink robustness over range</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Incorporates a 26 MHz reference frequency source in package</li> <li>Sleep regulated and gated to enable the internal crystal to be powered down when the devinder</li> <li>Reference Frequency</li> <li>BT shares the clock from the Wi-Fi chip.</li> <li>Wi-Fi cannot be turned off or in reset statue when running BT.</li> </ul>		
Advanced WLAN	Includes the following advanced WLAN features:  IEEE 802.11e QoS, Wi-Fi Alliance WMM Power Save, and 802.11n power saving compliance  AES, AES-CCMP, TKIP engines for faster data encryption Cisco CCXv4 ASD, WPS support Standard WEP/WPA/WPA2 for personal and enterprise environments support WWR, 802.11d, 802.11h support Wi-Fi Direct (Peer-to-Peer) RTT for indoor positioning Statistics and events for monitoring  Self-managed power state handling Self-contained beacon processing Shared authentication Ad-hoc power save Multiple PMK ID support Simulated UAPSD T-Spec support Production flow diagnostics 3-wire scheme for Wi-Fi and BT coexistence.	
Host Offloading (WLAN)	Integrates extensive hardware signal processing and an embedded on-chip CPU to offload complete 11n MAC/BB/PHY processing to minimize host processor loading and support application specific customization.	
Advanced Bluetooth	<ul> <li>High-speed UART port (up to 4 Mbps)</li> <li>HFP v1.6 wide-band speech supported on-chip</li> <li>On-chip encoding of SBC and aptX® codecs for A2DP music streaming</li> <li>PCM/I2S digital audio interface</li> <li>Support for IEEE 802.11 coexistence</li> <li>The flexible RAM/ROM based architecture enables custom or future profiles to be easily added.</li> </ul>	



# 4 SPECIFICATIONS

Table 2: Specifications

Table 2: Specifications		
Feature	Description	
Physical Interface	60-pin board to board connector (Molex 54722-0607)	
Wi-Fi Interface	1-bit or 4-bit Secure Digital I/O	
Bluetooth Interface	Host Controller Interface (HCI) using High Speed UAR	rT .
Main Chip	Wi-Fi: Qualcomm Atheros QCA6004.	
	BT: Cambridge Silicon Radio Ltd. (CSR) CSR8811 A0	8
Input Voltage Requirements	3.3 VDC (3.20V min to 3.46V max)	
I/O Signalling Voltage	3.3 VDC ± 5% or 1.8 VDC ± 5%	
Average Current	Single Stream	МІМО
Consumption, VDDIO = 3.3	802.11a (with BT in standby)	802.11a (with BT in standby)
volts	@ 18 dBm 6 Mbps	@ 18 dBm 6 Mbps
(At maximum transmit	Transmit: 600 mA	Transmit: 900 mA
power setting)	Receive: 120 mA	Receive: 140 mA
	Reset: 0.5 mA	Reset: 0.5 mA
Note: Reset refers to the	802.11b (with BT in standby)	802.11b (with BT in standby)
radio in reset mode. Both Wi-	@ 18 dBm 1 Mbps	@ 18 dBm 1 Mbps
Fi and BT reset pin are	Transmit: 460 mA	Transmit: 680 mA
asserted.	Receive: 120 mA	Receive: 140 mA
	Reset: 0.5 mA	Reset: 0.5 mA
Note: MIMO measurements		
are generally higher than	802.11g (with BT in standby)	802.11g (with BT in standby)
Single Stream.	@ 18 dBm 6 Mbps	@ 18 dBm 6 Mbps
emigre en earm	Transmit: 450 mA	Transmit: 710 mA
	Receive: 250 mA	Receive: 140 mA
	Reset: 0.5 mA	Reset: 0.5 mA
	802.11n (2.4 GHz) (with BT in standby) @ 14 dBm MCS7	802.11n (2.4 GHz) (with BT in standby) @ 14
	Transmit: 340 mA	dBm MCS7
	Receive: 120mA	Transmit: 460 mA
	Reset: 0.5 mA	Receive: 140 mA
	802.11n (5 GHz) (with BT in standby)	Reset: 0.5 mA
	@ 14 dBm MCS7	802.11n (5 GHz) (with BT in standby)
	Transmit: 490 mA	@ 14 dBm MCS7
	Receive: 120 mA	Transmit: 720 mA
	Reset: 0.5 mA	Receive: 140 mA
	Bluetooth (with Wi-Fi in standby)	Reset: 0.5 mA
	Transmit: 85 mA	Bluetooth (with Wi-Fi in standby)
	Receive: 70 mA	Transmit: 85 mA
	Reset: 0.5 mA	Receive: 70 mA
		Reset: 0.5 mA
Operating Temperature	-30° to 85°C (-22° to 185°F)	NOOC. O.O HIM
Operating Humidity	10 to 90% (non-condensing)	
Storage Temperature	-40° to 85°C (-40° to 185°F)	
Storage Humidity	10 to 90% (non-condensing)	
Maximum Electrostatic	Conductive 4KV; Air coupled 8KV EN61000-4-2	
Maximum Electrostatic	Conductive 4ttv, All Coupled oftv ENO 1000-4-2	



Feature	Description	
Discharge		
Size	32 mm (length) x 22 mm (width) x 4.7 mm (thickness)	
Weight	TBD	
Mounting	Please see the mounting and handling guide.	
Wi-Fi Media Direct Sequence-Spread Spectrum (DSSS)		
	Complementary Code Keying (CCK)	
	Orthogonal Frequency Divisional Multiplexing (OFDM)	
Bluetooth Media	Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum (FHSS)	
Wi-Fi Media Access Protocol	Carrier sense multiple access with collision avoidance (CSMA/CA)	
Network Architecture Types	Infrastructure and ad-hoc	
Wi-Fi Standards	IEEE 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11d, 802.11e, 802.11g, 802.11h, 802.11i, 802.11n	
Bluetooth Standards	Bluetooth version 2.1 with Enhanced Data Rate	
	Bluetooth 4.0 (Bluetooth Low Energy or BLE)	
Wi-Fi Data Rates Supported	11a (OFDM) 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54 Mbps	
	802.11b (DSSS, CCK) 1, 2, 5.5, 11 Mbps	
	802.11g (OFDM) 6, 9, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48, 54 Mbps	
	802.11n (OFDM, MCS 0-15)	
	Full Guard Interval: 6.5,13.0, 19.5, 26.0,39.0,52.0,58.5,65.0, 13.0,26.0,39.0, 52.0, 78.0,104.0,117.0 Mbps	
	Short Guard Interval: 1.2,14.4,21.7,29.9,43.3,57.8,65.0,72.2, 14.4,28.9,43.3,57.8, 86.7,115.6,130.0,144.4 Mbps	
<b>Modulation</b> BPSK @ 1, 6,9, 6.5, 7.2,13 and 14.4 Mbps		
	QPSK @ 2, 12, 18, 13, 14.4,19.5, 21.7, 26, 28.9, 39,43.3 Mbps	
	CCK @ 5.5 and 11 Mbps	
	16-QAM @ 24, 36,26, 29.9,39,43.3,52,57.8,78,86.7 Mbps	
	64-QAM @ 48,54,52, 57.8, 58.5, 65,72.2,104.0,115.6,117.0,130.0,144.4 Mbps	
802.11n Spatial Streams	2 (2x2 MIMO)	
Bluetooth Data Rates Supported	1, 2, 3 Mbps	
Bluetooth Modulation	GFSK@ 1 Mbps	
	Pi/4-DQPSK@ 2 Mbps	
	8-DPSK@ 3 Mbps	
Regulatory Domain Support	FCC	
	EU	
	ISED Canada	
	MIC (Japan)	
	KC (Korea)	
2.4 GHz Frequency Bands	<b>EU:</b> 2.4 GHz to 2.483 GHz	
	FCC: 2.4 GHz to 2.473 GHz	
	MIC: 2.4 GHz to 2.495 GHz	
	KC: 2.4 GHz to 2.483 GHz	



Feature	Description	
2.4 GHz Operating	EU: 13 (3 non-overlapping)	
Channels	1 oc. 11 (o non ovenapping)	
(Wi-Fi)	MIC: 14 (4 non-overlapping)	
	KC: 13 (3 non-overlapping)	
5 GHz Frequency Bands EU		
	5.15 GHz to 5.35 GHz (Ch 36/40/44/48/52/56/60/64)	
	5.47 GHz to 5.725 GHz (Ch 100/104/108/112/116/120/124/128/132/136/140)	
	FCC	
	5.15 GHz to 5.35 GHz (Ch 36/40/44/48/52/56/60/64)	
	5.47 GHz to 5.725 GHz (Ch 100/104/108/112/116/120/124/128/ 132/136/140) 5.725 GHz to 5.85 GHz (Ch 149/153/157/161/165)	
	MIC (Japan)	
	5.15 GHz to 5.35 GHz (Ch 36/40/44/48/52/56/60/64)	
	5.47 GHz to 5.725 GHz (Ch 100/104/108/112/116/120/124/128/ 132/136/140)	
	KC	
	5.15 GHz to 5.35 GHz (Ch 36/40/44/48/52/56/60/64) 5.47 GHz to 5.725 GHz (Ch 100/104/108/112/116/120/124)	
	5.725 GHz to 5.825 GHz (Ch 1	
5 GHz Operating Channels	EU:19 non-overlapping) FCC: 24 non-overlapping	MIC: 19 non-overlapping KC: 19 non-overlapping
Transmit Power	802.11a (UNII-1, UNII-2A, UNI	*****
	6 Mbps	17 dBm (50.1 mW)
Note: Transmit power on	54 Mbps	14 dBm (25.1 mW)
each channels varies	802.11a (UNII-3) or CH 148 – CH 165	
according to individual	6 Mbps	15 dBm (31.6 mW)
country regulations. All values	54 Mbps	14 dBm (25.1 mW)
for lowest data rate is	802.11b	
nominal, +/-2 dBm.	1 Mbps	17 dBm
Others are +/-2.5dBm.	11 Mbps	17 dBm
	802.11g	
	6 Mbps	17 dBm
Note:	54 Mbps	14 dBm
HT40 – 40 Mhz-wide channels	802.11n (2.4 GHz)	
HT20 – 20 MHz-wide	6.5 Mbps (MCS0)	17 dBm
channels	65 Mbps (MCS7)	13 dBm
	802.11n (5 GHz) (UNII-1, UNII	-2A, UNII-2C) or CH 36 – CH140
	6.5 Mbps (MCS0; HT20)	17 dBm (50.1 mW)
	65 Mbps (MCS7; HT20)	13 dBm (20 mW)
	(MCS0; HT40)	14 dBm (25.1 mW)
	(MCS7; HT40)	11 dBm (12.5 mW)
	802.11n (5 GHz) (UNII-3) or C	
	6.5 Mbps (MCS0; HT20)	15 dBm (31.6 mW)
	65 Mbps (MCS7; HT20) (MCS0; HT40)	12 dBm (15.8 mW) 14 dBm (25.1 mW)
	(MCS7; HT40)	11 dBm (12.5 mW)
	Bluetooth	,
	1 Mbps	6 dBm
	2 Mbps	6 dBm
	3 Mbps	3 dBm



Feature	Description
Typical Receiver Sensitivity	802.11a:
Note: All values nominal, +/-3 dBm.	6 Mbps -92 dBm 54 Mbps -74 dBm (PER <= 10%) <b>802.11b</b> :
	1 Mbps -94 dBm 11 Mbps -87 dBm (PER <= 10%)
	802.11g: 6 Mbps -91 dBm 54 Mbps -74 dBm (PER <= 10%)
	802.11n (2.4 GHz)
	MCS0 Mbps -91 dBm MCS7 Mbps -71 dBm
	802.11n (5 GHz)         MCS0 Mbps       -92 dBm         MCS7 Mbps       -71 dBm
	Bluetooth:
	1 Mbps -83 dBm (1DH1) 3 Mbps -75 dBm (3DH5) BLE -86 dBm
Operating Systems	Linux 2.6.x, 3.x.x, 4.0.x kernel
Supported	Android 4.1.2 (Jellybean) and forward
Security	Standards
·	Wireless Equivalent Privacy (WEP)
	Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA)
	IEEE 802.11i (WPA2)
	Encryption
	Wireless Equivalent Privacy (WEP, RC4 Algorithm)
	Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP, RC4 Algorithm)
	Advanced Encryption Standard (AES, Rijndael Algorithm)
	Encryption Key Provisioning
	Static (40-bit and 128-bit lengths)
	Pre-Shared (PSK)
	Dynamic
	802.1X Extensible Authentication Protocol Types
	EAP-FAST PEAP-MSCHAPv2
	EAP-TLS PEAP-TLS
	EAP-TTLS LEAP PEAP-GTC



Feature	Description	
Compliance	EU Regulatory	
	EN 300 328	62311:2008
	EN 301 489-1	EN 50665:2017
	EN 301 489-17	EN 50385:2017
	EN 301 893	EU 2015/863 (RoHS 3)
	FCC Regulatory	ISED Canada
	47 CFR FCC Part 15.247	ICES-003
	47 CFR FCC Part 15.407	ANSI C63.4:2014
	47 CFR FCC Part 2.1091	RSS-102
	FCC Part 15 Subpart B Class B	RSS-247
Certifications	Wi-Fi Alliance 802.11a, 802.11b, 802.11g, 802.11n WPA Enterprise WPA2 Enterprise	CERTIFIED CONGOSTANO
	Cisco Compatible Extensions (Version 4)	
	Bluetooth SIG Qualification	
Warranty	Three Year Warranty	
	All specifications are subject to change w	vithout notice

#### 5 WLAN FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

#### 5.1 Overview

The MSD50NBT WLAN block is based on the Qualcomm-Atheros AR6004 802.11a/b/g/n chipset. It is optimized for low power embedded applications and is configured to operate in dual-band, two-stream (2x2 MIMO) mode. Its functionality includes:

- Improved throughput on the link due to frame aggregation, RIFS (reduced inter-frame spacing), and half guard intervals.
- Support for STBC (space time block codes) and LDPC (Low Density Parity Check) codes.
- Improved 11n performance due to features such as 11n frame aggregation (A-MPDU and A-MSDU) and low-overhead host-assisted buffering (RX A-MSDU and RX A-MPDU). These techniques can improve performance and efficiency of applications involving large bulk data transfers such as file transfers or high-resolution video streaming.

Other included functionality is show in the following table (Table 3).

Table 3: MSD50NBT WLAN functionality

Feature	Description
	CHIP_PWD_L and BT_RST_L pins must be asserted low to reset Wi-Fi and Bluetooth. After these signals are deasserted, the radio waits for host communication. Until then, all modules except the host interface are held in reset.
Reset Control	Once the host has initiated communication, the radio turns on its crystal and then the PLL. After all clocks are stable and running, the block resets are automatically de-asserted.
	<b>Note</b> : Because BT chip derives clock from WLAN, the Bluetooth function should be powered down/reset whenever WLAN is reset.



Feature	Description
	The MSD50NBT has an RTC block which controls the clocks and power going to other internal modules. Its inputs consist of sleep requests from these modules and its outputs consists of clock enable and power signals which are used to gate the clocks going to these modules. The RTC block also manages resets going to other modules with the device. The MSD50NBT's clocking is grouped into two types: high-speed and low-speed.
	High Speed Clocking
System Clocking (RTC Block)	The reference 26 MHz clock source inside the MSD50NBT drives the PLL and RF synthesizer of Wi-Fi and Bluetooth. To minimize power consumption, the reference clock source is powered off in SLEEP, HOST_OFF, and OFF states.
,	Low Speed Clocking
	The MSD50NBT has an 32.768 KHz oscillator that provide slow clock for BT to get deep sleep mode.
	Interface Clock
	The host interface clock represents another clock domain for the MSD50NBT. This clock comes from the SDIO and is independent from the other internal clocks. It drives the host interface logic as well as certain registers which can be accessed by the host in HOST_OFF and SLEEP states.
MAC/BB/RF Block	The MSD50NBT Wireless MAC consists of five major blocks:  Host interface unit (HIU) for bridging to the AHB for bulk data accesses and APB for register accesses  Ten queue control units (QCU) for transferring TX data  Ten DCF control units (DCU) for managing channel access  Protocol control unit (PCU) for interfacing to baseband  DMA receive unit (DRU) for transferring RX data
Baseband Block	The MSD50NBT baseband module (BB) is the physical layer controller for the 802.11b/g/n air interface. It is responsible for modulating data packets in the transmit direction and detecting and demodulating data packets in the receive direction. It has a direct control interface to the radio to enable hardware to adjust analog gains and modes dynamically.
Clock Sharing	Clock sharing is implemented on the MSD50NBT. The Bluetooth chip (CSR8811) receives a reference clock from Wi-Fi chip (QCA6004). When Wi-Fi is in power off/reset state, no 26MHz reference clock is available; therefore, bluetooth is also off.

# 6 BLUETOOTH FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The MSD50NBT Bluetooth (BT) block is based on CSR8811A08 and described in the following table (Table 4).

Table 4: Bluetooth functions

Feature	Description		
HCI-UART Interface	The UART Interface is a standard high-speed UART interface. It operates up to 4 Mbps, supporting Bluetooth HCI UART interface.		
PCM or I2S Interface	<ul> <li>Continuous PCM encoded audio data transmission and reception over Bluetooth.</li> <li>Processor overhead reduction through hardware support for continual transmission and reception of PCM data.</li> <li>A bidirectional digital audio interface that routes directly into the baseband layer of the firmware. It does not pass through the HCI protocol layer.</li> <li>Hardware on CSR8811 for sending data to and from a SCO connection.</li> <li>Up to three SCO connections on the PCM interface at any one time.</li> <li>PCM interface master, generating PCM_SYNC and PCM_CLK.</li> <li>PCM interface slave, accepting externally generated PCM_SYNC and PCM_CLK.</li> <li>Various clock formats including:         <ul> <li>*Long Frame Sync</li> <li>*Short Frame Sync</li> </ul> </li> <li>*Short Frame Sync</li> <li>GCI timing environments</li> <li>13-bit or 16-bit linear, 8-bit μ-law or A-law companded sample formats.</li> </ul>		



Feature	Description
	<ul> <li>Receives and transmits on any selection of three of the first four slots following PCM_SYNC.</li> <li>The PCM configuration options are enabled by setting SKEY_PCM_CONFIG32.</li> </ul>
	The CSR8811 uses a 16-bit RISC MCU for low power consumption and efficient use of memory. The MCU, interrupt controller, and event timer run the Bluetooth software stack and control the Bluetooth radio and host interfaces.
CPU and Memory	56 KB of on-chip RAM is provided to support the RISC MCU and is shared between the ring buffers used to hold voice/data for each active connection and the general-purpose memory required by the Bluetooth stack.
	5 Mb of Internal ROM memory is available on the CSR8811. This memory is provided for system firmware, storing CSR8811 settings and program code.
Build-in Standard WLAN Coexistence	The MSD50NBT supports internally the standard WLAN coexistence interface through the WLAN_ACTIVE, BT_PRIORITY, and BT_ACTIVE pins.
Reference Clock	The BT block is configured for 26 MHz reference clock frequency. The clock source is provided to BT internally from the WLAN block on demand from BT_CLK_REQ.  Note: The WLAN block must be initialized prior before BT clock sharing is enabled.
BT Low Energy	The MSD50NBT supports Low Energy specification which allows for connection to devices with single mode LE function (such as a watch, sensor, and HID). The implementation is optimized for coexistence with WLAN.
Reset	The pin BT_RST_L resets and powers down the BT block.  Holding the BT_RST_L pin at GND turns off the entire BT block; all state information is lost. To ensure a full reset, the reset signal should be asserted for a period greater than 5 ms.
Radio	The BT radio shares the single antenna port with the WLAN through an internal 3-way RF switch. The MSD50NBT implements WLAN/BT coexistence internally.  VDDIO is to set the I/O voltage internally with either 1.8 V or 3.3 V to ensure same voltage level for the internal Wi-Fi and BT coexistence signal. Refer to the reference design specifications for details.
BT_WAKEUP_HOST	Pin-12 on MSD50NBT is reserved for BT to wake host from deep sleep mode. Current s/w may not support it. Contact Laird Connectivity for more information.
VDDIO	Pin-21 on MSD50NBT is WLAN Host IO (SDIO) power supply input. Can be either 1.8V or 3.3V.



## 7 BLOCK DIAGRAM

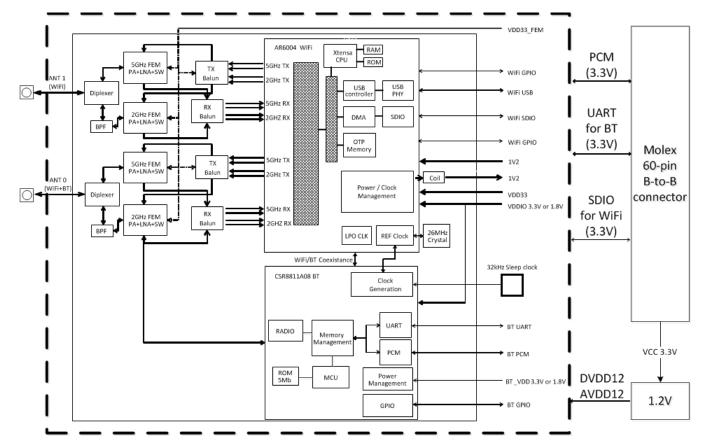


Figure 1: MSD50NBT block diagram

Note: Refer to the Specifications table for the Wi-Fi transmitter frequencies. BT signal only present on ANTO.



#### **8** ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

## 8.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 5 summarizes the absolute maximum ratings and Table 6 lists the recommended operating conditions for the MSD50NBT. Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device can occur. Functional operation under these conditions, or at any other condition beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this document, is not recommended.

Note: Maximum rating for signals follows the supply domain of the signals.

**Table 5: Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

Table of Aboolate maximal rtath	3		
Symbol (Domain)	Parameter	Max Rating	Unit
VDDIO	WLAN host SDIO interface and BT I/O supply	-0.3 to 4.0	V
VCC3_3	External 3.3V power supply	-0.3 to 3.6	V
Storage	Storage Temperature	-40 to +85	°C
ANT1; ANT2	Maximum RF input (reference to 50-Ω input)	+10	dBm
ESD	Electrostatic discharge tolerance	2000	V

## 8.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 6: Recommended Operating Conditions

	operating contained				
Symbol (Domain)	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
VDDIO	WLAN host interface and BT I/O supply	1.71/3.2	1.8/3.3	1.89/3.46	V
VCC3_3	External 3.3V power supply	3.2	3.30	3.46	V
T-ambient	Ambient temperature	-30	25	85	°C

#### 8.3 DC Electrical Characteristics

Table 7 and Table 8 list the general DC electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise specified).

Table 7: General DC Electrical Characteristics (For 3.3V I/O Operation)

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
VIH	High Level Inp	out Voltage		0.7 x VDD			V
VIL	Low Level Inp	ut Voltage				0.3 x VDD	V
	Without Pull-up or Pull-down	0V < VIN < VDD 0V < VOUT< VDD	0		-3	nA	
IIL	Input Leakage Current	With Pull-up	0 V < VIN < VDD 0V < VOUT < VDD	16		48	μΑ
	- Cancon	With Pull-down	0V < VIN < VDD 0V < VOUT < VDD	-14		-47	μΑ
VOH	H High Level Output Voltage		IOH = -4mA	0.9 x VDD			V
VOH	nigii Level Ot	лриг уоладе	IOH = -12mA	0.9 x VDD			V



Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
VOL Low Level Output Voltage -	IOH = 4mA			0.1 x VDD	V	
	IOH = 12mA			0.1 x VDD	V	

Table 8: General DC Electrical Characteristics (For 1.8V I/O Operation)

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
VIH	High Level I	nput Voltage		0.7 x VDD			V
VIL	Low Level I	nput Voltage				0.3 x VDD	V
· ·		Without Pull-up or Pull-down	0V < VIN < VDD 0V < VOUT < VDD	0		-3	nA
	Current	With Pull-up	0V < VIN < VDD 0V < VOUT < VDD			13	μA
		With Pull-down	0V < VIN < VDD 0V < VOUT < VDD	-6.2		-23	μA
VOH	High Level (	Output Voltage	IOH = -4mA	0.9 x VDD			V
			IOH = -12mA	0.9 x VDD			V
VOL	Low Level C	Output Voltage	IOH = 4mA			0.1 x VDD	V
			IOH = 12mA			0.1 x VDD	V

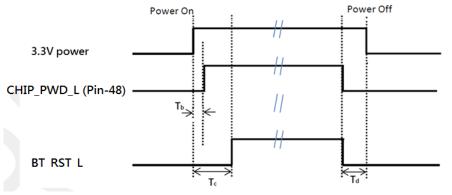


Figure 2: Power On/Off Timing

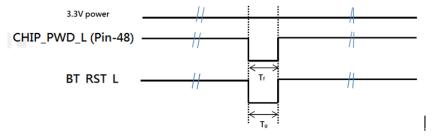


Figure 3: Power On/Off Timing



Table 9: Timing Diagram Definitions

Timing	Description	Min	Unit
Tb	Time between VDD33 (3.3V ) supplies valid, to WiFi reset (pin-48; CHIP_PWD_L ) negation.		
	<b>Note:</b> have suitable 10K ohm Pull-up on pin-48, already. No extra pull-up resistor is required.	5	µsec
Тс	Time between VDD33 (3.3V) supplies valid and BT_RST_L (pin-32) negation	5	msec
Td	Time between WiFi reset (pin-48;CHIP_PWD_L ) negation and VDD33 (3.3V) invalid, or time between BT_RST_L (pin-32) negation and VDD33(3.3V) invalid.	0	μsec
Tf	Time of WiFi reset (pin-48; CHIP_PWD_L) assertion during reset or power down period. 3.3V should keep ON.	5	μsec
Tg	Time of BT_RST_L (pin-32) assertion during reset or power down period. 3.3V should keep ON.	5	

Note: We suggest that Tb and Tf timing is greater than 5µsec but no longer than 100 msec.

#### 8.4 WLAN Radio Receiver Characteristics

Table 10 and Table 11 summarize the WLAN MSD50NBT receiver characteristics.

Table 10: WLAN Receiver Characteristics for 2.4 GHz Signal Chain Operation

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Frx	Receive input frequency range		2.412		2.484	GHz	
Srf	Sensitivity						
	CCK, 1 Mbps			<b>-9</b> 4			
	CCK, 11 Mbps			<b>-8</b> 7			
	OFDM, 6 Mbps See Note <sup>3</sup>		<b>-9</b> 1		dBm		
	OFDM, 54 Mbps	See Notes		<b>-7</b> 4		иын	
	HT20, MCS0		<b>-9</b> 1				
	HT20, MCS7			<b>-7</b> 1			
Radj	Adjacent channel rejection						
	OFDM, 6 Mbps	_		32			
	OFDM, 54 Mbps	See Note <sup>4</sup>	16			dD	
	HT20, MCS0	See Note:	31			— dB	
	HT20, MCS7	_	14		_		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Performance data are measured under signal chain operation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Performance data are measured under signal chain operation.



Table 11: WLAN Receiver Characteristics for 5 GHz Dual Chain Operation

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Frx	Receive input frequency range		5.15		5.825	GHz	
Srf	Sensitivity						
	OFDM, 6 Mbps	_		<b>-9</b> 2		_	
	OFDM, 54 Mbps	_		<b>-7</b> 4			
	HT20, MCS0	See Note <sup>5</sup>		<b>-9</b> 2		dD.m.	
	HT20, MCS7	See Notes		<b>-7</b> 1		- dBm	
	HT40, MCS0	_		<b>-8</b> 6			
	HT40, MCS7	_		<b>-6</b> 6			
Radj	Adjacent channel rejection						
	OFDM, 6 Mbps			22			
	OFDM, 54 Mbps	O N-4-6		9		-ID	
	HT20, MCS0	See Note <sup>6</sup>		20		- dB	
	HT20, MCS7	_		19		-	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Performance data are measured under signal chain operation.

## 8.5 WLAN Transmitter Characteristics

Table 12: WLAN Transmitter Characteristics for 2.4 GHz Per Chain Operation

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Ftx	Transmit output frequency range		2.412		2.484	GHz
Pout	Output power	See Note <sup>7</sup>				
	11b mask compliant	1Mbps		<b>1</b> 7		_
	11g mask compliant	6Mbps		<b>1</b> 7		
	11g EVM compliant	54Mbps		<b>1</b> 4		dBm
	11n HT20 mask compliant	MCS0		<b>1</b> 7		
	11n HT20 EVM compliant	MCS7		<b>1</b> 3		
	11n HT20 EVM compliant	MCS15		<b>1</b> 3		
ATx	Transmit power accuracy at 17 dBm	-	-	+ 2.0		dB

Freq.	Mode/Rate (Mbps)	Output Power Per Chain (dBm)	Typical Current Consumption Single Chain (mA) <sup>8</sup>	Max. Current Consumption Single Chain (mA) <sup>8</sup>
	1 Mbps	18dBm	420	560
2412MHz	54 Mbps	15dBm	350	450
	HT20 MCS7	14dBm	340	420
0.4.401.41.1	1 Mbps	18dBm	420	560
2442MHz	54 Mbps	15dBm	350	450
	HT20 MCS7	14dBm	340	420

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Performance data are measured under signal chain operation.



Freq.	Mode/Rate (Mbps)	Output Power Per Chain (dBm)	Typical Current Consumption Single Chain (mA) <sup>8</sup>	Max. Current Consumption Single Chain (mA) <sup>8</sup>
0.470141.1	1 Mbps	18dBm	420	560
2472MHz	54 Mbps	15dBm	350	450
	HT20 MCS7	14dBm	340	420

Table 13: WLAN Transmitter Characteristics for 5 GHz Per Chain Operation

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Ftx	Transmit output frequency range		5.15		5.925	GHz
Pout	Output power	See Note <sup>3</sup>				
	11a mask compliant	6Mbps		<b>1</b> 7		
	11a EVM compliant	54Mbps		<b>1</b> 4		
	11n HT20 mask compliant	MCS0		<b>1</b> 7		
	11n HT20 EVM compliant	MCS7		<b>1</b> 3		- dBm
	11n HT20 EVM compliant	MCS15		<b>1</b> 3		иын
	11n HT40 mask compliant	MCS0		<b>1</b> 4		
	11n HT40 EVM compliant	MCS7		<b>1</b> 1		
	11n HT40 EVM compliant	MCS15		<b>1</b> 1		
ATx	Transmit power accuracy at 17dBm	-	-	+ 2.0		dB

Freq.	Mode/Rate [Mbps]	Output Power Per Chain [dBm]	Typical Current Consumption Single Chain (mA) <sup>8</sup>	Max. Current Consumption Single Chain (mA) <sup>8</sup>
	54 Mbps	15dBm	490	590
5180MHz	HT20 MCS7	14dBm	450	560
	HT40 MCS7	12dBm	470	540
5500MI	54 Mbps	15dBm	490	590
5500MHz	HT20 MCS7	14dBm	450	560
	HT40 MCS7	12dBm	470	540
5005M1.I-	54 Mbps	15dBm	490	590
5825MHz	HT20 MCS7	14dBm	450	560
	HT40 MCS7	12dBm	470	540

<sup>7</sup>Performance data are measured under **Single** chain operation.

Note: Final TX power values on each channels are limited by the regulatory certification test limit.

Note: 2.4GHz does not support HT40 operation, only 5GHz support HT40 operation.



## 9 BLUETOOTH RADIO CHARACTERISTICS

Table 14 through Table 15 describe the basic rate transmitter performance, enhanced data transmitter performance, basic rate receiver performance, enhanced rate receiver performance, and current consumption conditions at 25°C.

Table 14: Basic Rate Transmitter Performance Temperature at 25°C (3.3V)

Test Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	BT Spec.	Unit
Maximum RF Output Power	2	6	_	-6 to +10	dBm
Frequency Range	2.4	_	2.4835	2.4 ≤ f ≤ 2.4835	GHz
20 dB Bandwidth	_	925	_	≤ 1000	KHz
Adjacent Channel TX Power F = F0 + 2 MHz	_	-36	_	≤ –20	dBm
Adjacent Channel TX Power F = F0 +3 MHz	_	-42	_	≤ –40	dBm
Δf1avg Maximum Modulation	140	165	175	140 < Δf1avg < 175	KHz
Δf2max Minimum Modulation	_	135	_	≥ 115	KHz
Δf2avg/Δf1avg	_	0.9	_	≥ 0.80	_
Initial Carrier Frequency	_	5	_	≤±75	KHz
Drift Rate	_	5	_	≤ 20	KHz/50 µs
Drift (DH1 packet)	<u> </u>	6	<u> </u>	≤25	KHz
Drift (DH5 packet)	_	7	_	≤ 40	KHz

Table 15: Enhanced Data Rate Transmitter Performance 25°C (3.3V)

Test Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	BT Spec.	Unit
Relative Transmit P	ower	-1	3	6	-4 to +1	dBm
Max Carrier Frequency Stability	π/4 DQPSK	_	1	_		171.1
wo	8 DPSK	_	1	_	≤ ±10	KHz
Max Carrier Frequency Stability	π/4 DQPSK	_	1	_	≤ ±75	KHz
[***]	8 DPSK	_	1	_		
Max Carrier Frequency Stability	π/4 DQPSK	_	2	_	≤ ±75	KHz
WO   WI	8 DPSK	_	1.5	_		
RMS DEVM	π/4 DQPSK	_	6	_	≤ 20	%
	8 DPSK	_	6	_	≤13	%
Peak DEVM	π/4 DQPSK	_	16	_	≤ 35	%
	8 DPSK	_	15	_	≤ 25	%
99% DEVM -	π/4 DQPSK	_	12	_	≤ 30	%
9970 DE VIVI	8 DPSK	_	12	_	≤ 20	%
EDR Differential Phase	_	99	_	≥ 99	%	



Test Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	BT Spec.	Unit
	F≥±3MHz	_	<del>-</del> 60	_	< -40	dBm
Adjacent Channel Power	$F = \pm 2MHz$	_	-28	_	≤ –20	dBm
	$F = \pm 1MHz$	_	-32	_	≤ –26	dB

Table 16: Basic Rate Receiver Performance at 3.3V

Test Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	BT Spec.	Unit
Sensitivity	BER ≤ 0.1%	_	-84	-78	≤ –70	dBm
Maximum Input	BER ≤ 0.1%	-20	-10	_	≥ –20	dBm
	Co-Channel	_	_	11	11	
Carrier-to-Interferer Ratio	Adjacent Channel (± 1 MHz)	_	-4/-2	0	0	dB
(C/I)	Second Adjacent Channel (± 2 MHz)	_	-35/-28	-30	-30	dB
	Third Adjacent Channel (± 3 MHz)	<u> </u>	-42	-40	-40	dB
Maximum Level of Intermo	-39	-30	-	≥ –39	dBm	

Table 17: Enhanced Data Rate Receiver Performance 3.3V

Test Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	Bluetooth Specification	Unit
Sensitivity (BER ≤0.01%)	8 DPSK	_	-76	-71	≤-70	dBm
Maximum Innut (DED <0.40/)	π/4 DQPSK	-20	_	_	≥ –20	dBm
Maximum Input (BER ≤0.1%)	8 DPSK	-20	_	_	≥ –20	dBm
Co Channel C/L/BED <0.10/)	π/4 DQPSK	_	10	13	≤ ±13	dB
Co-Channel C/I (BER ≤0.1%)	8 DPSK	_	18	20	≤ ±20	dB
Adjacent Channel C/I (BER≤	π/4 DQPSK	_	-9/-6	0	≤ 0	dB
0.1%)	8 DPSK	_	-3/0	5	≤5	dB
Second Adjacent Channel C/I	π/4 DQPSK	_	-42/-28	-30	≤ –30	dB
(BER ≤ 0.1%)	8 DPSK	_	-28/-22	-25	≤ –25	dB
Third Adjacent Channel C/I	π/4 DQPSK	<u> </u>	-45	<del>-4</del> 0	≤ –40	dB
(BER ≤ 0.1%)	8 DPSK		-39	-33	≤ –33	dB



## 10 SDIO TIMING REQUIREMENTS

The following figure (Figure 4) and table display SDIO default mode timing.

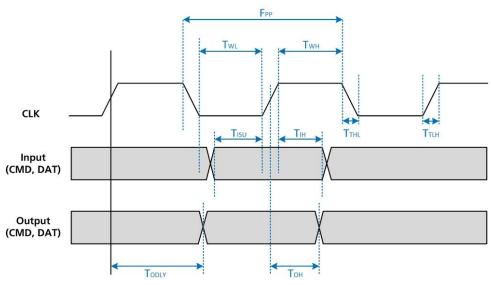


Figure 4: SDIO Default Mode Timing

Note: Timing is based on CL ≤ 40 pF load on CMD and Data.

Table 18: SDIO Timing Requirements

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
fPP	Frequency – Data Transfer mode	0	-	50	MHz
tWL	Clock low time	7	-	-	ns
tWH	Clock high time	7	-	-	ns
tTLH	Clock rise time	-	-	10	ns
tTHL	Clock low time	-	-	10	ns
	Inputs: CMD, DAT (reference	ed to CLK)			
tISU	Input setup time	6	-	-	ns
tIH	Input hold time	2	-	-	ns
	Outputs: CMD, DAT (referen	ced to CLK	)		
tODLY	Output delay time – Data Transfer mode	0	-	14	ns



## 11 PIN DEFINITIONS

Pin#	Name	Туре	Voltage Reference	Description	If Not Used
1	GND	-	-	Ground	GND
2	BT_UART_TXD	0	VDD_IO	Bluetooth UART Serial output	N/C
3	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
4	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
5	BT_UART_RTS_N	0	VDD_IO	"Request-to-send signal for the Bluetooth UART interface, active low"	N/C
6	BT_UART_RXD	I	VDD_IO	Bluetooth UART Serial input	N/C
7	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
8	Wake On Wireless	0	VDD_IO	Reserved as Wake-ON-Wireless (WOW) LAN, WLAN output signal to wake up host, active Low and need external 10K pull up.  Note: The current software does not support it.	N/C
9	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
10	BT_PCM_OUT	0	VDD_IO	BT PCM synchronous data output	N/C
11	BT_UART_CTS_N	I	VDD_IO	"Clear-to-send signal for the Bluetooth UART interface, active low"	N/C
12	BT_WAKEUP_HOST	0	VDD_IO	When BT wakes up from its deep sleep state, it sends an H pulse signal out to Host. Normally, it is Low state.  Note: The current software does not support it.	N/C
13	VCC3_3	-	-	3.3V Power Supply for the Module. (3.2V Min; 3.46V Max)	3.3V
14	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
15	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
16	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
17	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
18	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
19	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
20	BT_PCM_SYNC	I/O	VDD_IO	BT PCM Synchronous data	N/C
21	VDD_IO	-	-	Bus and IO voltage level configuration. Either 3.3V or 1.8V	1.8V or 3.3V
22	BT_PCM_IN	I	VDD_IO	BT PCM synchronous data input	N/C
23	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
24	BT_PCM_CLK	I/O	VDD_IO	BT PCM clock	N/C
25	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
26	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
27	SDIO_DATA_2	I/O	VDD_IO	SDIO Data 2 – Internal pull-up. No external pull-up required	N/C



Pin#	Name	Туре	Voltage Reference	Description	If Not Used
28	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
29	VCC3_3	-	-	3.3V Power Supply for the Module. (3.2V Min; 3.46V Max)	3.3V
30	GND	-	-	Ground	GND
31	GND	-	-	Ground	GND
32	BT_RST_L	I	VDD_IO	BT chip power-down control. Driving this pin active low powers down or resets the BT signal. Has internal weak pull-up. Should be active low for at least 5ms to reset the BT.  Note:10K ohm internal pull-up.	N/C
33	No Connect	_		No Connect	N/C
34	No Connect		_	No Connect	N/C
35	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
36	No Connect	_	_	No Connect	N/C
37	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
38	No Connect	_	_	No Connect	N/C
39	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
40	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
41	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
42	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
43	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
44	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
45	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
46	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
47	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
48	CHIP_PWD_L	I	VDD_IO	"WLAN Power Down (0=power down, 1= WLAN awake)	N/C
				Note:10K ohm internal pull-up.	
49	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
50	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
51	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
52	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
53	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
54	No Connect	-	-	No Connect	N/C
55	SDIO_CMD	I/O	VDD_IO	SDIO Command – Internal pull-up.	N/C
56	SDIO_CLK	I	VDD_IO	SDIO Clock (25MHz max)	N/C
57	SDIO_DATA_0	I/O	VDD_IO	SDIO Data 0 – Internal pull-up. No external pull-up required	N/C
58	SDIO_DATA_3	I/O	VDD_IO	SDIO Data 3 – Internal pull-up. No external pull-up	N/C



Pin#	Name	Туре	Voltage Reference	Description	If Not Used
				required	
59	SDIO_DATA_1	I/O	VDD_IO	SDIO Data 1 – Internal pull-up. No external pull-up required	N/C
60	GND	-	-	Ground	GND

# 11.1 MSD40NBT, MSD45N, and MSD50NBT Pin Comparison Table

Pin#	Pin Name – MSD40NBT	Pin Name – MSD45N	Pin Name – MSD50NBT
1	GND	GND	GND
2	BT_UART_TXD	No Connect	BT_UART_TXD
3	BT_PRIORITY	BT_PRIORITY	No Connect
4	BT_GPIO_6	No Connect	No Connect
5	BT_UART_RTS_N	No Connect	BT_UART_RTS_N
6	BT_UART_RXD	No Connect	BT_UART_RXD
7	BT_HOST_WAKE_B	No Connect	No Connect
8	RSVD	No Connect	Wake On Wireless
9	RSVD	No Connect	No Connect
10	BT_PCM_OUT	No Connect	BT_PCM_OUT
11	BT_UART_CTS_N	No Connect	BT_UART_CTS_N
12	BT_WAKE_B	No Connect	BT_WAKEUP_HOST
13	VCC3_3	VCC3_3	VCC3_3
14	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
15	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
16	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
17	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
18	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
19	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
20	BT_PCM_SYNC	No Connect	BT_PCM_SYNC
21	No Connect	VDD_IO	VDD_IO
22	BT_PCM_IN	No Connect	BT_PCM_IN
23	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
24	BT_PCM_CLK	No Connect	BT_PCM_CLK
25	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
26	SYS_RST_L	No Connect	No Connect
27	SDIO_DATA_2	SDIO_D2	SDIO_DATA_2
28	RSVD	WL_ACTIVE	RSVD
29	VCC3_3	VCC3_3	VCC3_3
30	GND	GND	GND



Pin#	Pin Name – MSD40NBT	Pin Name – MSD45N	Pin Name - MSD50NBT
31	GND	GND	GND
32	BT_RST_L	No Connect	BT_RST_L
33	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
34	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
35	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
36	RSVD	BT_ACTIVE	No Connect
37	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
38	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
39	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
40	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
41	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
42	RSVD	WL_LED_ACT/ANTE	No Connect
43	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
44	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
45	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
46	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
47	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
48	CHIP_PWD_L	CHIP_PWD_L	CHIP_PWD_L
49	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
50	RSVD	No Connect	No Connect
51	No Connect	No Connect	No Connect
52	RSVD	No Connect	No Connect
53	RSVD	No Connect	No Connect
54	RSVD	No Connect	No Connect
55	SDIO_CMD	SDIO_CMD	SDIO_CMD
56	SDIO_CLK	SDIO_CLK	SDIO_CLK
57	SDIO_DATA_0	SDIO_D0	SDIO_DATA_0
58	SDIO_DATA_3	SDIO_D3	SDIO_DATA_3
59	SDIO_DATA_1	SDIO_D1	SDIO_DATA_1
60	GND	GND	GND

# 12 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Module dimensions of MSD50NBT are 16x16x2.5mm. Detail drawings are shown in Figure 5.



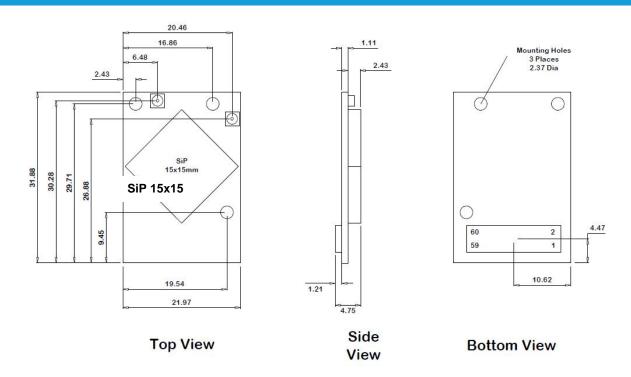


Figure 5: Module dimension of MSD50NBT (version 1.1)

**Note:** The Wi-Fi MAC address is located on the product label. The BT MAC address is always be numerically subsequent to the Wi-Fi MAC address. Therefore, the BT MAC address is Wi-Fi MAC address plus one.

#### 13 MOUNTING

The MSD50NBT connects to the host via a 60-pin connector. In addition, there are three mounting holes used to secure the device to the host using 2 mm mounting screws.

Laird Connectivity recommends a 1.5 mm metal spacer (bushing) with a conductive mounting screw to connect the exposed ground pads of the radio circuit board to the host ground plane. A 1.5 mm conductive metal spacer with a maximum OD of 4 mm maximizes grounding of the radio and helps to reduce emissions from the radio circuit board. The spacer may also prevent the MSD board from slanting and breaking the connection to the host device when the board is attached to the host.

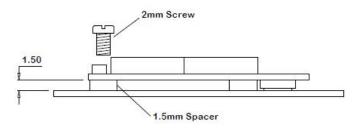
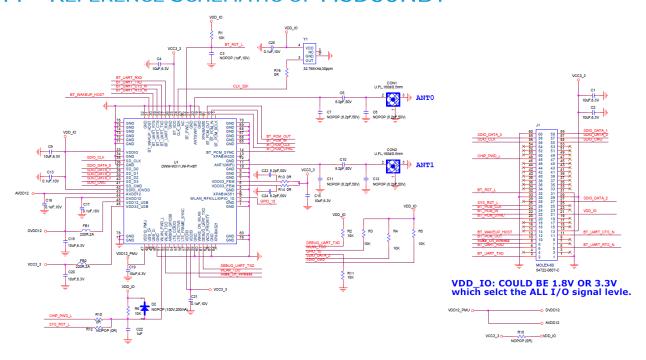


Figure 7: Mounting information for MSD50NBT (version 1.1)

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#### REFERENCE SCHEMATIC OF MSD50NBT 14



#### RF LAYOUT DESIGN GUIDELINES/PRECAUTIONS 15

The following is a list of RF layout design guidelines and recommendation when installing a Laird Connectivity radio into your device.

- Do not run antenna cables directly above or directly below the radio.
- Do not place any parts or run any high speed digital lines below the radio.
- If there are other radios or transmitters located on the device (such as a Bluetooth radio), place the devices as far apart from each other as possible. Also, make sure there are at least 25dB isolation between Bluetooth antenna and Wi-Fi antenna.
- Laird Connectivity recommends the use of a double shielded cable for the connection between the radio and the antenna elements.
- Be sure to put the capacitor on the power pin as close as possible to reduce the radiation issue.
- Use proper electro-static-discharge (ESD) procedures when installing the Laird Connectivity radio module.
- In order to get maximum throughput when operate at MIMO 2x2, two antennas with at least 25dB isolation is recommended.
- To avoid negatively impacting TX power and receiver sensitivity, do no cover the antennas with metallic objects or components.

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- Opening/handing/removing must be done on an anti-ESD treated workbench. All workers must also have undergone anti-ESD treatment.
- The devices should be mounted within one year of the date of delivery.



#### 16 REGULATORY

: For complete regulatory information, refer to the MSD50NBT Regulatory Information document which is also available from the MSD50NBT product page.

The M2SD50NBT holds current certifications in the following countries:

Country/Region	Regulatory ID
USA (FCC)	SQG-MSD50NBT
EU	N/A
Canada (ISED)	3147A-MSD50NBT

#### 17 ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Description
MSD50NBT	2X2 802.11 a/b/g/n with BT4.0 dual mode module.

### 18 Additional Assistance

Please contact your local sales representative or our support team for further assistance:

Laird Connectivity

Support Centre: https://www.lairdconnect.com/resources/support

Email: wireless.support@lairdconnectivity.com

Phone: Americas: +1-800-492-2320

Europe: +44-1628-858-940 Hong Kong: +852 2923 0610

Web: https://www.lairdconnect.com/products

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